**Lesson: 03**

**Date: 2 February 20, 2021**

**\*\*Dochira kara desu ka?**

**🡺Where are you from?**

**\*\*Shitsurei desu ga …**

**🡺 I’m sorry to asked but…**

**Matsuri 🡺 festival**

**Mura 🡺 village**

**Meishi 🡺 Business card**

**Meshi 🡺 rice, meals**

**Mori 🡺 forest**

**Momen 🡺 cotton**

**Yagi 🡺 goat**

**Yakitori 🡺 grill chicken**

**Yasai 🡺 vegetable**

**Yuki 🡺 snow**

**Yuurei 🡺 ghost**

**Yuumei 🡺 famous**

**Yoru 🡺 night**

**Ringo 🡺 apple**

**Ruru 🡺 rule**

**Roketto == rocket**

**Robotto == robot**

**Wani 🡺 alligator**

**Washi 🡺 eagle**

**Tomodachi 🡺 friend**

**Okaa san 🡺 aunty/ another’s mother**

**Kuni 🡺 country**

**o-kini 🡺 other’s country**

**dochira 🡺 where**

**Bengoshi 🡺 lawyer**

**Isha 🡺 doctor**

**Kara 🡺 from**

**Enpitsu 🡺 pencil**

**Negative form of a sentence:**

**Iie, Hasan san wa gakusei dewa arimasen.**

**Iie == NO**

**Number 31-50**

**31 == san juu ichi**

**32 == san juu ni**

**33 == san juu san**

**34 == san juu yon/shi**

**35 == san juu go**

**36 == san juu roku**

**37 == san juu nana/shichi**

**38 == san juu hachi**

**39 == san juu kyuu/ku**

**40 == yon juu**

**50 == go juu**

**Kanji**

**Four 🡺 四**

**Five 🡺 五**

**Six 🡺**

**The main points from this module are as follows:**

1. In addition to making a sentence a question, ka can be used as or/is it, either.
2. Dochira means "where."
3. O-kuni means country; the "o" is honorific.
4. To indicate nationality, add "-jin" after the name of the country.
5. Kara indicates where a person is from.
6. You have learned the Japanese words and scripts for numerals 31 - 50.
7. You have learned the Kanji scripts for numerals 4 - 6.
8. You have learned how to pronounce in Japanese the M, Y, and R sounds, and the scripts that correspond to them.